क्रम सं०	मिल का नाम
	मध्य प्रदेश
10	नर्मदा शुगर लि०, खलबुजुर्ग, तहसील कसारवाड, जिला खरगोन
	उत्तर प्रदेश
11	धामपुर चीनी मिल्स लि०, असमोली, तह० सम्भल जिला मुरादाबाद,
12	मै० मुकेश जसनानी, मॉडर्न सिल्क हाऊस, गढौरा, तहसील निचलौल, जिला महाराजगंज
13	श्री हरीश चन्द्र सिंह, जसवंतनगर, जिला इटावा
	महाराष्ट्र
14	पुष्पदन्तेश्वर एसएसके लि०, शमशेरपुर, तहसील नन्दूरबार, जिला धुलिया
15	मै० पदमश्री डा० विट्ठलराव विखे पाटिल एसएसके लि०, कोठी, तालुका कैज, जिला बीड
	हरियाणा
16	यूनाईटेड वनस्पती लि०, नारायणगढ़, जिला अम्बाला
	गुजरात
17	श्री नीजार विभाग सहकारी खांड उद्योग मण्डली लि०, नीजार, जिला सूरत

Conversion of Letters of Intent for New Sugar Factories

3361. SHRI SURESH KALMADI: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to simplify the procedures for converting letters of intent for setting up new sugar factories into industrial licences ; and

(b) if so, what are the details of the revised procedures ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. A Group was constituted under the Chairmanship of Additional Secretary (Food) to review the procedure for conversion of letters of intent into industrial licences, issue of completion certificates and release of incentives to sugar factories set up after grant of letters of intent. A copy of the Press Note issued in this connection on 16-2-1994 showing the salient features of the recommendations made by the Group is enclosed as statement.

Statement

No. F.27(38)/93-ST
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MlNfSTRY OF FOOD

New Delhi, the 16th February, 1994

PRESS NOIE

Subject : Recommendations of the Group to examine the present condition/procedure of conversion of Letter of Intent into Industrial Licence, issue of completion certificate and the grant of incentives to sugar factories.

A group was constituted on 07-09-1993 under the Chairmanship of Additional Secretary (Food) to examine the present condition/procedure of conversion of Letter of Intent into Industrial Licence, issue of Completion Certificate and the grant of incentives to the Sugar Factories. It was felt that there are substantial areas in which the procedure can be simplified for conversion of Letter of Intent into Industrial Licence, issue of Completion Certificate and release incentive to Sugar Factories to cut down delays. In the present LOIs there are many conditions which have become out-dated and need review.

The Group has now submitted its Report which has been accepted by the Government The brief recommendations of the Group areas under :—

A. CONDITIONS OF LETTERS OF INTENT :

1. It has been decided that no objection certificates from the following will not be required while converting Letters of Intent into Licences as these are no longer valid in view of changed conditions/liberalisation.

(i) Railway Board.

(ii) Coal India Ltd.

(iii) Paper, Pulp and Timber Directorate of D.G.T.D. (in respect of bagasse).

(iv) Energy Conservation Division of D.G.T.D. (Inrespect of furnace oil).

2. Adequate steps shall be taken to the satisfaction of the Government to prevent Air, Water & Soil Pollution.

This condition will be insisted upon before the conversion Letter of Intent into Licence as Pollution Control can not be compromised. Procedure contained in Letters No. F. 27(7)/92-ST dated 31-3-1993 and No. F27(27).'93-ST dated 26-10-1993 issued by Ministry of Food, Directorate of Sugar to be followed.

3. The Licencsee should construct storage tanks for molasses upto a capacity of 50% of their annual production of molasses.

At the stage of conversion of Letter of Intent to Licence, Entre preneurs are required to certify that order for storage tanks as per ISI Specifications at least upto a capacity of 50% of annual production of molasses will be placed.

4. The Industrial undertaking shall take suitable steps towards financial tie-up with financial
institutions before placing orderfor plants and machinery.

Enterpreneur should furnish sanction letter of loan from financial institutions, Commercial banks or fromanyothersources.

5. The following conditions will be ignored at the stage of conversion of Letter of Intent into Licenceasthesameareno longer required.

(i) The re-allocatipn of the cane area should be settled to the satisfaction of Directorate of Sugar(incaseofexpansioncasesonly). (ii) Factories to takeeflective time bound programme for development of cane.

(iii) Infrastructure facilities, such as roads, transport facilities etc. to be made within 40 kilometres.

(iv) The Industrial undertaking shall take appropriate measures to achieve the minimum norms as prescribed by the Government from time to time.

(v) Government may require the Licensee to release the whole or part of bagasse produced at the sugar factory for conversion into pulp for manufacture of paper or newsprint.

(vi) Information in regard to appropriate measures taken to achieve the efficiency norms as prescribed by the Directorate of Sugar.

6. The cane price will be payable on the basis of sucros content of the sugarcane. Enterpreneur should give this undetaking at the stage of conversion of Letter of Intent into Licence.

B THE PROCEDURE FOLLOWED IN THE MINISTRY IN REGARD TO ISSUE OF COMPLETION CERTFICATE TO NEW SUGAR FACTORY AND EXPANSION PROJECTS :

Necessary documents being called at present from the sugar factories will be retained. In regard to control of Air Water & Soil Pollution the procedure contained in Letters No.F. 27/7)/92-ST dated 31-3-1993 and No. F 27(27)/93-ST dated 26-10-1993 issued by Ministry of Food, Directorate of Sugar will be followed.

C THE PROCEDURE FOLLOWED IN RESPECT OF ISSUE OF INCEN TIVE TO NEW/ EXPANSION PRJECT :

(i) The incentive claims of the Sugar Factory may be verified in the Directorate of Sugar itself and the visit of the team to sugar factories would be dispensed with. The Directorate of Sugar would evolve poformae? of the information to be submitted by the sugar factories. Voluminous records from the factories would not be called. The proformae may be certified by Chartered Accountants and Chartered Engineers. Only in rare cases where Directorate of Sugar feels the need, a team may be deputed to visit the factories for spot verification, (ii) Provisional certificates may be issued to new sugar factories if final certificate is likely to take more than two months from the date of receipt of claim for incentive in the Ministry. After verification of incentive claim, final eligible certificate will be issued to factories.

Provisional certificates to expansion projects may not be issued as existing sugar factories have sufficient funds to implement the expansion project.

Sd/-
(Loveleen Kacker)
Director

Production of Sugar in Differenet Sectors

3362. SHRIMATI SATYA BHATN : Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred question 1621 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 4th March, 1994 and state what was the production of sugar in the year 1993-94 in private sector, coperative sector and the State-sector ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI KALP NATH RAI): The sugar production during the current 1993-94 sugar season (October-September) upto 7-2-1994 was 56.92 lakh tonnes. The Sector-wise break up is as under :—

Sector	Sugar Production o 7-2-1994 (Lakh tonnes) (Provisional)
Private	18.93
Co-operative	33.56
Public	4.43
TOTAL	56.92

बढ़िया किस्म के रूप में पूसा-44 धान

3363. **श्री राधाकिशन मालवीय** : क्या खाद्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार ने चालू खरीद मौसम के दौरान बढ़िया किस्म के रूप में पूसा-44 धान खरीदने और अतिरिक्त तदर्थ बोनस के रूप में 20 रुपये प्रति क्विंटल का भुगतान करने का निर्णय किया है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और इस संबंध में अब तक कितनी प्रगति हुई है ?

खाद्य मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री कल्प नाथ राय) : (क) और (ख) सरकार ने यह निर्णय किया है कि खरीफ विपणन मौसम, 1993-94 के दौरान पंजाब में जो भी किसान पूसा-44 किस्म की अपनी धान 350 रुपये प्रति क्विंटल से कम मूल्य पर बेचते हैं, उन्हें भारतीय खाद्य निगम/राज्य की एजेन्सियों/चावल मिल मालिकों को जिस वास्तविक मूल्य पर उन्होंने पूसा-44